

Anesthesia and Critical Care Outbreaks the Innovations in the Field of Anesthesiology

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EDITORIAL NOTE

Anesthesia or anaesthesia (from Greek "without sensation") is a state of controlled, temporary loss of sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes. Critical care medicine or intensive-care medicine, a branch of medicine concerned with life support for critically ill patients.

Anesthesiology Case Reports is a monthly, peer-reviewed, open access journal, which is devoted to showcase all the relevant research information on anesthesia and its related case studies for the effective contribution in the field of medical sciences.

Anesthesiology Case Reports journal represents itself as the timely resource on anesthesiology and provides a wide range of research scope in the said field of study. The journal covers most of the key aspects in anesthesiology, which includes the relevance of anesthetic drug administration, several issues on anesthetic practice, pharmacokinetics of anesthetic drugs, logical insights into the selection criteria of anesthetic drugs, secondary effects of anesthetic management, Pre and postoperative disease complication, anesthetic drug industries, ethical perspective of anesthetic components, influential factors for anesthetic action, and other anesthesia related critical case studies.

The current volume 2, Issue 1 various aspects of anesthesia were discussed by the authors from different parts of the world. In the case report Nitish Upadhyay et al, discussed Operation theatre procedure awareness for an anesthesiologist: A vital weapon to combat the emergencies in anesthesiologist's armoury[1].

Melissa Sharpless discussed a case report on Methylene blue anaphylaxis under anaesthesia, during sentinel lymph node mapping in a patient undergoing bilateral mastectomy [2].

Azfar Khan Niazi et al, discussed a case report on Acute episode of itching and possible amniotic fluid embolism with circulatory collapse in a full term pregnant patient[3].

Tylor W discussed a case report on Spinal cord at the conus medullaris for treatment refractory pudenda[4].

Fanojomaharavo R and et al, discussed a case report on Post-partum subdural hematoma revealed by persistent headache[5].

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Received date: April 14, 2020; Accepted date: April 15, 2019; Published date: May 7, 2020



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